ALIENISTS SAY

THAW IS INSANE

Declare if He Should be Dis-

charged Would be Dangerous

To Public Peace and Safety.

DON'T THINK HE CAN RECOVER

TORM KING IS RAMPANT

It Lake Again Isolated Owing To High Winds and Floods.

AVES DASH OVER CUT-OFF.

Thrilling Experiences of Passengers-Wires Down in All Directions-Washouts Galore.

Engine House Blown Down in Park City-Salt Lake Route is Worse Off Than Ever.

Salt Lake is again isolated as far as the Pacific coast is concerned owing to washouts on the various roads and the blg wind storm last night. This morning there was not a single wire working to either San Francisco, Los Angeles or Portland, Ore. In addition Idaho is also cut off.

The warm wind that has prevailed since Monday has had the effect of melting the snow in the mountains and as the result every river, creek and gully is roaring bank high. Last night gully is roating bank high. Last hight the wind increased to a huricane which seems to have been general throughout Idaho, Nevada and Utah to the detriment of the telegraph service.

This morning it was possible to reach the coast via St. Paul, Minn., and back over the Northern Pacific, but by noon there was a break in that line and the Pacific slope was absolutely wiped off the telegraphic map.

STORM ON LUCIN CUT-OFF.

STORM ON LUCIN CUT-OFF.

The wind storm last night lashed the waters of Great Salt Lake into huge waves that beat against the west shore with tremendaus force. Mighty waves mashed into the protecting boulders that flank the grade of the Lucin cut-off and tumbled them about like rubber balls. At times the waves went completely over the grade while the spray was driven over the treats.

By midnight the tracks at Rambo, 35 miles west of Ogden, were submerged by the turbulent waters of the lake and for a time it was thought that there had been a serious washout. However when the wind subsided it did not take long for the gangs to repair the damage.

TRAINS ANNULLED.

All Southern Pacific trains west of Orden were annulled last night, but the first was brought across the cut-off this morning at 9 o'clock, the cars being white with spray and the passengers badly scared owing to the rocking of the train before the force of the wind. It was doubtful whether it would be possible to bring the train across the Southern Pacific bridge into Ogden, as the river was within a couple of inches

Southern Pacific bridge into Ogden, as the river was within a couple of inches of the girders. A gang of men is watching the bridge.

Latest reports from Ogden are to the effect that the Weber and Ogden rivers are out. The Ogden river has risen five inches since 7 o'clock this morning, and is still rising. Thirty-five houses in Irak addition and the big Becker's Brewery are surrounded by water; those houses nearest the river have been vacated, as the first stories are swash.

OGDEN BRIDGE THREATENED.

The river has changed its course and is now flowing through Shupe's ice pond. The waters are dashing against the ice house and threatening to carry it away. If it goes nothing can save the Ogden river bridge, as the water is up to the girders. At neon today it was 10 inches higher than it was during the bad fleeds of over a month ago.

Reports from Ogden canyon are to the effect that the famous canyon road as been badly damaged. Both rivers a Ogden are practically liquid mud, inficating that a great amount of soil is

FNGINE HOUSE BLOWN DOWN. From Park City comes the same story with the Union Pacific trains annulled owing to a washout below some 10 miles down the canyon. The engine

falles down the canyon. The engine trands under the wrecked engine house which was blown down by the high which that raged last night.

The Oregon Short Line has every available man out repairing the telegraph lines today. Big stretches of line are down, the worst trouble being between Ogden and Pocatello. At Downey, the proposed the 100 welcomes the proposed the 100 welcomes. ney it is reported that 100 poles are flown in a line and the wires generally are in bad shape necessitating the flag-ging of trains and the demoralization of the time schedule.

DAMAGE IN SALT LAKE.

In Sait Lake the fury of the wind was felt last night and a number of sindows and a few chimneys suffered. City Creek, Cottonwood, Parley's and all the other mountain streams are rag-ing torrents with the result that Jordan river is booming and the waters are flowing over the pastures west of the

flowing over the pastures west of the city.

On Tenth South commencing at State street the canal is out and the farther west one proceeds the wider becomes the inundated area until acres of low-lying land are under water as the consequence. For the past two days men and teams have been at work keeping the water in bounds while city officials are now undertaking to make raids on the dams built by the duck clubs at the mouth of Jordan river with the object in view of blowing them up and letting the overburdened river empty into the lake unrestricted.

LOS ANGELES ISON ACTED

LOS ANGELES ISOLATED.

Prevailing conditions outside of Utah

Prevailing conditions outside of Utan can be somewhat sensed from the following Associated Press dispatch which came from Los Angeles this morning by a roundabout route before the last of the wires went down:

For the first time in 19 years all rail communication from San Francisco and the north is severed today as a result of the floods and consequent washouts and landslides. The general railroad situation is disastrous in the extreme. All three trans-continental lines are affected—Southern Pacific, Salt Lake and Santa Fe—the latter, however, suffering the least.

S. P. IS BLOCKED.

in the sare affected—Southern Pacific, Sait Lake and Santa Fe—the latter, however, suffering the least.

S. P. IS BLOCKED.

The Southern Pacific coast line is blocked by a big cave-in at Santa Margarita tunnel, north of San Luis Obispo and traffic will be suspended many days. The valley line is closed by a slide at San Fernando tunnel and ato trains can pass for several days. In addition, slides have occurred at lunnel No. 17 and at Tehachipi.

OPEN TO THE EAST.

The Santa Fe and Southern Pacific

from the Salt Lake Tribune. The Paris, like the Walker Bros. Dry Goods company, which took similar action yesterday, is one of the heaviest advertiseers in the city, and its course is understood to be due to the general dissatisest on any days. Two other prominent firms which sicaffactly refuse to patronize the Tribune, for the same reasons, are Richardson & Adams and A. H. Crabbe. Neither has used the columns of the organ of the "knockers" for a long time past, and both say they will not do so until there is a change in its policy.

Again, the hand of the hierarchy.

eastern lines are open for traffic un-impeded. The congestion of passenger and freight traffic to the north is the worst. The movement of mails is also badly interfered with. The Santa Fe is transferring passengers to boats at Stockton and expects to maintain traffic between there and San Fran-cisco by that means. SAN PEDRO WORSE THAN EVER.

The Sait Lake line is in worse shape than ever. For weeks all through traffic on the Clark road has been suspended owing to the destruction of \$0 miles of road bed in the Meadow Valley cunyon in Utah. Hundreds of men have been working incessantly in an effort to bridge the gap. \$2,000,000 DAMAGE.

eastern lines are open for traffic un-

Yesterday notice was received that rain is again failing there and that there will be no hope of repairing the line of through traffic by April I. The road cannot be restored in months. The damage in Mendow Vailey cannon has, it is stated, already exceeded \$2,000,000. The management of the road is reported to be considering the making of a new survey and an entire abandonment of the damaged pertion.

PLANS OF THE BATTLESHIP NEBRASKA ARE STOLEN.

Seattle, Wash., March 21-11 was learned yesterday that the plans of the battleship Nebraska which show the distribution of armour and batteries have been stolen from the desk of J. H. Fox, superintendent of construction, at the Moran Bros, yard in this city. The drawings have been missing 15 days. Today the following notice was posted

"To whom it may concern: In reference to the booklet of plans of the Nebraska, taken from Mr. Fox's desk, notice is hereby given that these plans must be returned within two days or

must be returned within two days or steps will be taken toward their immediate recovery.

The besttleship Nebraska is practically completed and ready to be turned over to the government. About 506 men are now at work giving the finishing touches. The Nebraska was started before the Japanese-Russlan war and the ship has been changed considerably. The fact that the plans are missing and the peremptory language of the notice are causing considerable suppressed excitement about the Moran yards.

SUFFRAGETTES PREFER PRISON TO PAYING FINE.

London, March 21. Seventy-six suffragettes arrested vesterday for brawling within the precincts of par-liament, were sentenced this morning to from \$5 or a fortnight in prison to \$10 or a month's imprisonment. They all elected to go to jail and were taken away in the prison vans amidst mingled cheers and jeers of the crowds outside the police court.

MEN MUST MARRY.

Ordinance Introduced in Fort Dodge City Council to Compel Them To.

Clay Council to Compel Them To.

Fort Bodge, Ia., March 21.—Every man in Fort Bodge between the ages of 25 and 45 years must become a married man or pay a fine, as the result of an ordinance introduced by Mayor Bennett and passed by the city council yesterday. The ordinance provides that all able bodied men between the ages of 25 and 45 years whose mentul and physical propensities and capabilities are normal and who are not now married, shall be required to chain a license and a bride and straightway be exalted to a state of connubial bilss.

"Any person failing to comply with the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined a sum not less than \$10 nor more than \$100, according to the degree of criminal negligence."

WARSHIPS TO BE PROPELLED BY GAS ENGINES, NOT STEAM.

London, March 21.—The prediction was made in an address before the institute of naval architects that warships in the future would be propelled by gas engines instead of steam. This, it was stated, would make it possible to do away with the funnels, so that all the big guns could be fired through a much greater are than at present. Under the new order bollers would also disappear.

Vickers Sons and Maxim, it was stated, after years of research work have perfected a system of gas machinery for propelling ships. A vessel without funnels to carry such machinery has already been designed. London, March 21.-The prediction

EL MOCHO DISAPPEARS.

New York March 21 .- Gen. Jose Man-New York, March 21.—Gen. Jose Man-uel Hernandez of Venezuela, better known as "El Mocho," an avowed ene-my of President Castro, has disap-peared from his usual haunts here. Friends say he has gone to London. Gen. Hernandez arrived here recently from Colombia and Panams. He did not deny a report that he was engaged to obtaining some for he have a conmoney for an insurrection

HOUSE OF COMMONS

Holds a Continuous 24-Hour Session And is Still Sitting.

And is Still Sitting.

London, March 2i, 2:02 p. m.—This morning's house seaton, which been at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, is still in full swing. The house has thus sat unincruptedly for 2i hours, with every prospect of continuing sitting for some hours longer. The measure under discussion is the annual army bill. In reality it a not controversal, but it is being utilized by the opposition to obstruct government huminers. Premier Campbell-Bancerman, who went home last night, returned to the house at 16 o'clock this morning and informed the jaded legislators that the government 'had no intention of yielding to the vindicitive factics of the opposition." The measure must be passed before the house is permitted to adjourn.

CARRIER FOR DEWEYVILLE.

(Special to the "News.") Washington, D. C., March 21.—George A Pierson has been appointed regular and Robert Gordner substitute rural free delivery carriers route one at Deweyville, Utah.

PARIS MILLINERY CO. QUITS THE TRIBUNE.

It was announced on the streets yesterday, and later confirmed by the management of the Paris Millinery company, that that establishment had decided on withdrawing its advertising from the Salt Lake Tribune. The Paris.

E. H. HARRIMAN ON FEDERAL CONTROL

He Says it Exists Over Railroads | Feels Itself Affronted Over Ap-Now, and That There Are Laws Enough, Too Many.

IS NO OVER CAPITALIZATION.

Not for the Country and Its Capabiltties and the Average Dividend That is Paid.

New York, March 21 .- E. H. Harrinan, in an interview published today in the American replies to the statements recently credited to John D. Rockefeller, in which the latter declared against over-capitalization of railroads and other corporations, and in favor of government control of railroads. Mr. Harriman was asked what he thought of M. Rockereiler's statement that there should be federal control of railroads. He replied:

"There is federal control now, That There is federal control now. That arm of the government to which is delegated the power for supervision of railroads is equipped with enormous responsibility. There are laws enough on the statate books now, more than enough. All that is necessary is to have them judiciously and wisely administered. There is no need for supplemental supervision. When Mr. Harriman was asked if

When Mr. Harriman was asked if he thought the railroads were overcapitalized, he replied:
"No, you must remember this is a wonderful country. It has been made by the enthusiasm and speculative bent of a superbly capable people. They have been a people that are magnificent ploneers. They saw into the future and adapted their works to the possibilities.

magnificent ploneers. They saw into the future and adapted their works to the possibilities.

"There is much left to be developed in this country. Towns are growing like magic and its people are tolling like the Aladdin lamp geni. The roads are not over-capitalized for the country and its capabilities. Take any road, say the Pennsylvania—you have been over it. Did you ever notice the miles and miles of abandoned trucks? You have seen them everywhere you go. In counting your capitalization think of the money that has gone into the abandoned lines, bridges and terminals. They must be considered a part of the constructive cost and when you take that in you will find that you have not over-capitalized.

"Now take the dividend matter. There are not a great many foads in the country paying 6 per cent dividends. Look at the matter in this light: A man who takes a preferred security must be contented with smaller interest returns. Suppose your bonds return two or three and a half per cent. Your preferred stock i or 5. Now take your average dividend and you will find that you will have not over-capitalized."

of those little able to bear fresh calls on their purses.

M. Coutant, for instance, is desirous of increasing the percentage paid by single persons and reducing the impost on fathers of families in proportion to the number of their progeny.

He is to propose the insertion of a clause increasing the suggested income tax I per cent in the case of bachelors and spinsters and widows and widowers without children. There are of this class no less than 6,000,000 in round figures in France. ures in France.

Those having two children would

have their taxes reduced by 10 per cent; those with three by 20 per cent; those with four by 30 per cent; those with five by 40 per cent; those with six by 50 per cent, while a man and a wife ing more than six would be entirely

SAN FRANCISCO ISOLATED.

Floods Have Cut Off Railway Communication in All Directions.

San Francisco, March 2t.—Owing to floods in many parts of the state, there practically is no railroad communication between this city and other points, north south or east. Not a train left or arrived this morning and the officials of the Southern Proinc and Santa Fe lines are unable to state when the regular schedules will be resumed.

A NICARAGUAN VICTORY

Achieved Over 5,000 Salvadoreans and Hondureaus,

Paris, March 21.—The following dispatch was received today by the Nicaraguan legation from the minister of foreign affairs of Nicaragua:

"Five thousand Salvadoreans and Hondureans have been defeated at Portiflos de Namasique after a bloody three days' battle."

MAHER WINS LIVERPOOL CUP. Liverpool, March 21.—Danny Maher, the American jockey, won the Liverpool Spring cup here today on Bridge of

Spring cup here today on Bridge of Conny.

The spring cup is a handicap of 1,000 soverighs for three year olds and upward a mile and three furlongs. The result in detail was:

Lord Derby's Bridge of Cunny (Maher) won; G. Walmsley's Wild Aster, second; H. E. Scott's Cadwal, third. Satech horses started.

This was Maher's first chance during the present senson. He won by two lengths.

lengths.
The betting previous to the start was 100 to 14 against Bridge of Canny: 20 to 1 against Wild Aster and 10 to 1 against.

"onght not to tolerate. But I think" he continued. "that the senate ough:

SENATE REFUSES MENINGITIS CONFIRMATION

pointment of Lynch and Candland to Land Board. Its Death List.

WRITES LETTER TO GOVERNOR DISEASE DEVELOPED QUICKLY.

Wants to Know His Reasons for Renaming Men Who Had Been Previously "Turned Down."

Breezy and Unprofitable Discussion Ensues and in Which Much Bitterness Was Shown.

The senate failed again today to concur in the appointments of Gov. Cutler to the state land board. Intead a communication was ordered teasons for again forwarding to the senate the names of W. D. Candiand and W. J. Lynch after these gentlemen had falled to receive confirmation. The matter was not considered in the usual executive session, as Senner X. Smith successfully contended that it

Smith successfully contented that it was a question on which the whole people had a right to know where their representatives stood.

The first motion made was to return the names to the governor, with a dignified letter enclosing a copy of the previous letter of transmittal with the disapproved names. This motion was later substituted by the one which provailed, Lawrence offering the substitute and Benner X, Smith advocating the original.

stitute and Benner X, Smith advecating the original.

The debate on Smith's motion lasted nearly an hour, and during the discussion charges at times flew thick and fast against certain senators who were not named, and replies were made concerding insinuations against those who made tham.

Senators Lobison Benner X Smith

who made them.
Senators Johnson, Benner X. Smith,
Hulaniski and President Love led the
discussion in favor of returning the
names, and while no speeches were
made in their favor Senators Rasband,
Williams, Brinkerhoff and Clegg asked questions of the speakers, tending
to show that the appointees had been
unjustly dealt with.

AS TO CHAIRMAN LYNCH.

you have not over-capitalized.

"Now take the dividend matter. There are not a great many roads in the country paying 6 per cent dividends. Look at the matter in this light: A man who takes a preferred security must be contented with smaller. Interest returns. Suppose your bonds return two or three and a harpy per cent. Your preferred stock i or 5. Now take your average dividend and you will find that you will have not over-capitalized."

STRONG OPPOSITION TO FRENCH INCOME TAX BILL.

Parls, March 21.—The introduction of the income tax bill has resulted in the publication of many interesting statistises drawn up either by opponents of the measure with the view of pointing out the difficulties to be grappled with by the treasury collectors in case it becomes law, or by supporters of the scheme who desire to exich d is scope. Detractors cash the attention of the authorities to the enormous small holfers of the rone, about whom minute inquiry will have to be instituted in order to discover whether they can be made liable for the tax under any of the schedules. Quoting from the official returns, they show that there are 2,639,525 investors in government rentes who receive jess than 250 francs.

On the other hand many legislators favor further additions so as to gather into the afficult and the scheme who considered that the positions and continue them in their positions. In own receive less than 250 francs.

On the other hand many legislators favor further additions so as to gather into the afficult and the scheme who now escape very lightly, at the same time, lightening the burden of these sent time, lightening the burden of the same time, lightening the burden of these little able to bear fresh calls on their purses.

M. Coutant, for instance, is desirous of increasing the percentage paid by single persons and reducing the limpost on fathers of families in uroportion to

PROOF IS ASKED FOR.

"Has the senator any proof that the governor has done this?" asked John X. Smith of Lehi.
"I object to mere hearsay evidence being repeated on this floor."
"It is a matter of common report." declared Senator Smith, "but if the senator thinks this has not been done then I am willing to withdraw the charge provided each and every senator in this body will stand up and say in public that he has not talked of this in this body will stand up and say in public that he has not talked of this matter to the governor, and has not been sent for by the governor before these names were sent back here."

PRESIDENT LOVE'S VIEW.

President Love volunteered the infor-mation that while he was not complete-ly informed as to such action this year, ly informed as to such action this year, in the Sixth session he knew that it had been done, and that the schate had been made to reverse itself. "If we are a mere perfunctory body I want to know it," declared President Love, "and if we are a body that shares a constitutional right in the appointing power. I want to know that, too. I think that with the exception of a similar case two years ago, this act is without precedent in state or nation, and I hold that we would stultify ourselves as senators if we now concurred. and I hold that we would statisfy ourselves as senators if we now concurred
in these appointments."

Senator Hulaniski rose to resent a
question from Brinkerhoff, who asked
whether the members of the land board
had a chance to be heard at the senate

investigation. HULANISKI HOT.

"I was appointed," thundered Hulansiki thoroughly aroused, "to act in a judicial capacity. I kept this fact before me, and I wish to read from the finding of this judicial committee, appointed by the senate, and from the tespointed by the senate, and from the tes-timony of certain witnesses, given un-der outh." Senator Hulandski read a portion of the findings, declaring that the officials had knowledge of the ir-regularities, and of the testimony of W. J. Lyach on the stand. He then de-clared that it was an insult to the sen-nate to send these manns, pack, and conchared that it wants back, and con-tinued: "I do not propose to have such things forced down my throat by any scing, governor, president, or any other person whomsoever. I do not propose to stand for it."

REASONS REQUESTED.

Sensior Lawrence, who had spaken briefly several times during the debate, here declared that he thought this exec-

(Continued on page two.)

CLAIMS ANOTHER

Dread Malady Adds Philip S. Maycock, Young Attorney, to

Had Been at Home for a Few Days With Minor Ailment When it Fatally Attacked Him.

Wholly unexpected and startling was the announcement shortly before noon today that Philip S. Maycock, a leading young attorney and churchman. had passed away. It was known to very few that he was ill, and as late as

ed with untiring effort and his life was looked upon as well righ blameless by these who knew him best. Arrange-ments for the funeral bave not yet been

STILL PROBING FOR GRAFT IN SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Mar. 21,—The grand jury met at 10 o'clock this morning and resumed its investigation of the alleged telephone graft. Asst. Dist. Atty. Hency and Secret Service Agent Burns were present and interrogated officials and employes of the Pacific States Telephone & Telegraph company who have been summoned to appear before the inquisitorial body. Although 27 indictments have already been secured in connection with the granting for a bill of \$25,000 and the alleged payment to the supervisors of \$62,000, a franchise said to be worth \$1,000,000 to the home company and the attempt on the part of the Pacific company to prevent the advent of competition in this city, Burns declared that the probing of the telephone scandal has but commenced.

The nature of the secret indictments, which were witheld yesterday, is being closely guarded by Hency and Burns, but it is rumored that a telephone official is among those named in the true bill.

In an interview published this morning. Supervisor Thomas Lovergan is San Francisco, Mar. 21,-The grand

In an interview published this morning, Supervisor Thomas Lorergan is

Gleason of Thaw's Counsel Says If Commission is Appointed Delmas Will be Responsible.

Latter Willingly Assumes Responsibility, Saying He Can Convince Court Defendant is not Now Insane.

New York, March 21 .- The seven alienists employed by Dist. Atty. Jarome in the Thaw case today signed affidavits for presentation to Judge Fitzgerald in the argument this afternoon for the appointment of a commission in lunacy to examine Thaw. Six alienists in their affidavits declared that Thaw was suffering from a form of paranoia, that he should not be discharged from custody, that if he should be discharged he would be dangerous to public peace and safety. The seventh alienist, Dr. Hirsch, agreed with his colleagues, except that he declared that Thaw cannot possibly recover, while

the others thought it reasonably certain that he will not recover.

The document includes also an officavit by Irving S. Cobb. reporter, describing a note given to him a few weeks ago by Thaw in which Thaw commented upon his wife's testimony and upon the conduct of the prosecution. The affidavits are signed by Drs. Flint, Mabon. McDonald, Pritonard, Farris, Hirsch and Dieffendorf.

DR. MACDONALD'S AFFIDAVIT. Dr. Macdonald, in his affidavit, de-

'After careful examination of the ex-"After careful examination of the exhibits and the hypothetical question and the testimony and attidavits of Mr. Cobb and assuming evidence stated in the case to be true, my personal observation in court during the trial and my observations of the defendant made in the library of the district attorney's office on Jan-27, 1996, I am of the opinion that the defendant is now and for some time past has been suffering from a form of mental disease known as paranola. Yet it is my opinion that when the defendant killed Stanford White he was then suffering from said mental the defendant killed Stanford White he was then suffering from said mental disease, commonly known as paramola but that his then mental state was such that he knew the hature and quality of the act and that it was wrong, namely, that he then and there knew that he was discharging into the body of Stanford White, a leaded revolver; that it was Stanford White into whose body he was discharging a loaded revolver and that he then and there whose body he was discharging a load-ed revolver and that he then and there knew that such discharge was likely to produce death and that he then and there knew such act on his part was against the current morality of the people of this state and in violation of Brilliant Young Lawyer and Worthy Citizen Who Fell a Victim to Cerebral last evening it was hoped by members of the family and by the attending physician that he would be out and around in a day of two. A change for the

from which the defendant was suffering upon the night of June 25, 1996, is a form of mental disease from which it is reasonably certain he will not recover and that the discharge of the said Harry K. Thaw would be dangerous to public peace and safety and that he should be committed to an institution for the insane. I am further of the opinion upon the facts above stated that the said Harry K. Thaw is now and for some time past has been in such a state of lunacy or insanity as to be incapable of understanding the proceedings against him or making his defense."

THE TRANSVAAL COLONY. Pretoria, Transvast, March 21 .- The first parliament of the Transvaul colony under the newly granted constitution met here this morning in the hall in which the late President Kruger presided for so many years over the sittings of the upor house of the erstwhile South African puone. In a speech at the epening of a legislature, the Earl of beiborne, gli commissioner its South Africa, deau th the all-important question of Chinse labor, is the course of his remarks ord seaborne said:

with the all-importable question of Camese labor. In the course of als remarks
Lord selborne said:

"My ministers have resolved that the
employment of Chinese in the mines shall
cease at the earliest possible moment. As
to the Chinese arready employed there,
my ministers will not take any steps to
pievent their repartation at the end of
their indentures, unless they are convanced that sich repartation will have to
take place before an effective substitute,
either in the form of other unskined labor
or improved mechanical appliances has
been found, in which case my ministers
will be prepared to recommend to parise
ment such legislation as whit render a
renewal of their insentures possible. Excepting a small batch of the whose indentures expire at the end of June, no
indentures expire before August Therefore, as parliament will reassemble early
in June, my ministers consider if unnecessary to make further announcement of
policy at present.

Continuing Lord Selborne said the goverament was taking steps to increase the
supply of natives and would give the mining industries every assistance.

The disposition of the new government
of the Transvasi to exclude all Asiatics
from work in the mines is shown by the
fact that the Assatic ordinance, recently
disallowed by the Earl of Eighn, secretary
of state for the colonies, after it had
passed the late legislature is again published in the Orficial Gazette here, indicating that among the first acts of the
new parliament will be a re-enactment of
the imperail government.

THE ASIATTE OZDINANCE.

PHILIP S. MAYCOCK,

Meningitis At Noon Today.

had received in this when his home was des the disaster last April.

the supervisors may be removed

FIRST PARLIAMENT OF

sician that he would be out and around

worse occurred during the night, and

it was disclosed that cerebral meningi-

tis has developed and by the

time morning had dawned it was ap-

parent to the watchers by the sick man's bed that his hours on earth were

numbered. During the entire forencon the end was momentarily expected, but

the patient rallied from several sinking spells, only to fall into eternal sleep at

Mr. Maycock had been ill just one

week, though slightly indisposed for a few days before he felt compelled to

remain at home. On Thursday last

there was a reunion in the Third ward,

and he was to have been the master

of ceremonies for the occasion. His con-

dition was such on that day, however,

that he was unable to attend the func-

tion. No particular alarm was felt by his family or friends, and until the re-lapse which occurred last midnight, they firmly believed that he would

BORN IN THIS CITY.

Philip Starkey Maycock was born in this city, on the spot of ground where now stands the Sumner school, May 25, 1872. His parents were Thomas and Louisa Starkey Maycock. The father was for many years bishop of the Third ward, succeeding in that capacity Jacob Weiter. Bishop Maycock is dead, but Philip's mother is still living, and he is survived also by two brothers and

he is survived also by two brothers and two sisters, namely, Brigham M. and George S. Maycock, of this city, Mrs. William Dixon, of. Payson, and Mrs.

After caving the public schools, Mr. Maycock attended the L. D. S. college, afterwards becoming a teacher in that

afterwards becoming a teacher in that institution. Then came an extended mission to Germany and to Turkey. In the first named country he labored the greater part of two years, and then was called to preside over the Turkish mission. He performed an exceptionality good work in both countries.

EECOMES A LAWYER.

After returning home, Mr. Mayrock again entered the college as an instructor, after which he entered the law school at Ann Arbor, Michigan, where in two years he finished a three years'

course. Upon graduation he took up the practise of his chosen profession in this city, forming a partnership with Mr. Mathonihah Thomas, which was in existence at the time of the junior partner's demise.

IN LIBERTY STAKE'S PRESIDENCY

They have one child, a girl

George H. Rose, residing here. I wife, who was Miss Rena Baker, almost inconsolable at the loss she

the hour indicated.

speedily recover.

THE ASIATIC ORDINANCE. London, March 21.-The "Asiatic ordi

present time almost especially at British Indians, who were ousting the small white Indians, who were ousting the small white Indians, who were ousting the sequally intended to exclude the Japanese or other Asiatics who are emigrating to South Africa in increasing numbers.

Eir Gilbert Parker, Conseivative, member of parliament who represents the colonists in the house of commons, is quoted today as saying:

"If, as I am sure it will, the Transvall parliament re-enacts the Asiatic ordinance, the imperial government will hardly venture to disalion it again as over 19 per cent of the whites in South Africa thoroughly approve of it." Mr. Maycock was possessed of a clear legal mind, and was looked upon by the older members of the bar as heing one of the foremost young atterneys of this state. His power of analysis was wonderful in a man of his years, and he was an orator of cleasing and forceful address. Ecclesiastically and otherwise he was in demand as a public speaker, and a few weeks ago collivered a logical and eloquent discourse in the tabernacle of this city.

When the Liberty stake was organized, Mr. Maycock was chosen as second courselor to President Hugh J. Cannon, and the loss to the people of the stake as well as to the Church in general will be deeply felt. In every position into which he was called he work-

STANFORD-OREGON MEET.

Stahford University, Cal., March 21.— A track meet between Stanford and the University of Oregon track teams has been arranged to take place at Eu-

"I am of the opinion upon the facts above enumerated that the mental dis-case commonly known as paranola from which the defendant was suffer-

bribe funds to the board and was known as the "big fellow." Lonergan declared that much of the money he was destroyed during the disaster last April.

That the alleged corrupt city fathers will be removed if they do not resign will be removed it they do not lessing its practically admitted by Dist. Atty. Laugdon, but just what steps will be taken and when, has not yet been decided. Heney, Burns and Langdon have been too busy presenting evidence to the grand jury to consider the method of procedure by which the supervisors may be removed.

defense."

Exhibit A, to which Dr. McDonald alluded, is the district attorney's hypothetical question.

John B. Gleason of counsel for Thaw said today that Mr. Delmas is responsible if a commission is appointed as it was he who called Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton to the stand, 'and toid Mr. Jerome to go aheare and ask the witness anything he wished to."

Mr. Delmas said he would gladly assume all responsibility. Daniel O'Reilly of Thaw's counsel, said today that Thaw's counsel, said today that Thaw's counsel, had no doubt of being able to convince the court or an insarable to convince the court or an insar

ity commission of Thaw's scatty. He said that each one of the counsel would submit an affluavit to the effect the: Thaw had been during the trial and now capable of advising with his attornew capable of advising with the acceptance in the Tombs prison today with t. R. Peabody of his counsel over the question whether Thaw should be permitted to hear the argument over the appointment of a lunary commission to investigate his mental condition. Thaw wanted his counsel to assure him that he would be allowed to attend the hearing in court this afterbook, but Mr. Peabody did not promise him the desired permission.

sired permission.

Thaw's counsel were said to be of the opinion that he ought not to hear the arguments.

Thaw's wife and his sister, the Count-

ess of Yarmouth, also visited him today and remained with him for about an Justice Fitzgerald took the bench at 2:06 p. m. today to hear affidavits regarding Thaw lunsey commission.

THE PHILIPPINES.

Senator Stone Not Sure Wouldn't be Best for Japan to Get Then:

Kansas City, March St. - U. S. Senster William J. Stone in the course of a speech here last night at the monthly dinner of the Knife and Fork club,

said:
"If we are ever to have serious frouble with any nation it will be with Japan. Japan wants the Philippines. I am not sure whether it would not be best for all concerned it she would get them but one thing is certain, and that is she will never get them with our consent. But we may have trouble in keeping them. Japan would seize the archipelago in a week and we could only send over a big enough fleet to wipe Japan from the sea. That would be a huge and costly task."

GEN. T. J. WINT DEAD.

Philadelphia, March 21.—Brig. Gen. Theodore J. Wint, U. S. A., commanding the department of Missouri, with headquarters at Omsha, died suddenly at a hotel here today. He came to Philadelphia to undergo medical treatment. He was 62 years of ago.